fist or physician. on this information without consulting your denin your child's age class. However, do not act guidelines for fluoride supplements for children sult the inset table for ADA-recommended

exist at those locations. Then conaverage fluoride concentrations which of three zones representing drinks made with tap water. Note are most likely to drink tap water or or 3 locations where your children

Review the map inside this flyer and find the 2

treatments and dosage rates for children. whether to prescribe supplemental fluoride typically use when making decisions about and 0.6 mg/L, which dentists and physicians zones correspond to benchmark levels of 0.3 ride distribution into 3 distinct zones. The fluoride levels, however, and has mapped fluoby drinking it. The City does regularly monitor odorless and tasteless, you won't be able to tell This depends on location. Because fluoride is

> We drink? How much fluoride is in the water

Marysville to the Smokey Point area is also not the water mains. Water served by the City of tomers varies based on mixing patterns within tion of fluoride in water delivered to our custhe City's distribution system. The concentrabefore it is blended with the groundwater within PUD typically has about 0.7 mg/L of fluoride of about 0.8 mg/L. Water purchased from the

does fluoridate its supplies to a concentration ment process. However, the City of Everett fluoride to) its water supplies during the treatdated water). The City does not fluoridate (add Washington residents receive naturally fluoritapped by the City's wells (only about 5% of Little or no fluoride exists in the ground water

Is there fluoride in the City's water?

testing a water sample for fluoride City of Arlington Water Department staff



about 3% of our water. deep well near the Arlington Airport provides is itself a customer of the City of Everett. 3) A water from the Snohomish County PUD, which River. 2) The City purchases about 10% of its that is directly influenced by the Stillaguamish is obtained from groundwater under Haller Park From three sources. 1) About 87% of our water

Where does our water come from?

City Limits is served by the City of Marysville. bill. The Smokey Point area within Arlington employer) receives a City of Arlington water of Arlington if you (or your landlord, school, or Generally, you drink water supplied by the City

of Arlington. whose tap water is provided by the City This information applies to every citizen

below the amount that generates fluorosis. meet regulations which maintain fluoride levels teeth. Water supplies are closely monitored to led white to brown marks on the surface of the brimarily cosmetic condition appearing as mottdevelopment are subject to enamel fluorosis, a that consume too much fluoride during tooth access to optimally fluoridated water. Children population served public water, 72.4% have one means of providing fluoride. Of the U.S. ter supplies has been practiced since 1945 as prevention of tooth decay. Fluoridation of wawhelming majority of health providers for the Fluoride is considered beneficial by the over-

in Drinking Water? What Do I Need to Know About Fluoride

Continue reading for more detailed information. our customers do not receive fluoridated water. Street receive appreciable fluoride. Most of tomers east of SR 9 and south of about 200th of moderate fluoride concentrations. Only custhese sources do blend to create a small area While primarily distributed in distinct zones, for dental protection by the City of Everett. water the City purchases is "fully fluoridated" low natural concentrations of fluoride, while Water produced by the City of Arlington has

Fluoride—in a Water Drop

What else should my dentist or physician and I consider?

- Weigh the dental risks of too little fluoride (cavities) and too much fluoride (fluorosis).
- Consider having your own tap water test-
- Evaluate all possible sources of fluoride intake, such as drinking water systems, dietary supplements, professional dental treatments, toothpaste and other over-thecounter treatments.
- Patient exposure to multiple water supplies and other fluoride sources can make proper prescribing complex (so consult your physician or dentist!).
- Fluoride supplements must be taken daily and consistently over the long-term to be effective.

Why does Everett fluoridate their water but Arlington does not?

The City of Everett voted to fluoridate their water in 1992. The public has not expressed support for fluoridation in Arlington to an extent sufficient to warrant a vote.

What if I do not want fluoridated water?

Individual customers may choose to purchase and install a treatment device to remove the fluoride provided to their entire house (point of entry) or from a single sink (point of use). You may also consider bottled water. Bottled water is subject to FDA standards, which permit fluoride within certain levels without labeling on the bottle (unless it is added during manufacturing). You should verify fluoride concentrations with your product's manufacturer.

Approximately 63% of Washington residents on public water systems drink fluoridated water

Who can I contact for more information?

At the City of Arlington, contact: Mike Wolanek, Water Resources Planner 360-403-3541 mwolanek@arlingtonwa.gov

At the Snohomish Health District, contact: Lee Ann Cooper, Oral Health Program 425-339-5230 Icooper@shd.snohomish.wa.gov

Internet Sites with Additional Information

American Dental Association

http://www.ada.org/fluoride.aspx

Centers for Disease Control

http://www.cdc.gov/nohss/FSMain.htm

FluorideWorks!

http://www.fluorideworks.org

American Academy of Pediatrics

http://www2.aap.org/oralhealth/ PracticeTools.html

Snohomish Health District Oral Health Program

http://www.snohd.org/Shd CH/ OralHealth.aspx

City of Arlington Water Department

Utilities Division, Public Works Dept. 154 W. Cox Avenue

Arlington, WA 98223

360-403-3526 Phone: 360-435-7944 Fax: Internet: www.arlingtonwa.gov

V7.0 Rev. 7/2012



