

Chapter 20.46  
DESIGN

Sections:**Section I. General Development Design Standards and Old Town Business District Design Standards**

- 20.46.005 Standards Adopted
- 20.46.010 Conformance with Design ~~Guidelines or~~ Standards.
- 20.46.~~020-015~~ Design Review Process.
- 20.46.~~030-020~~ Required Findings for Design Review Approval.
- ~~20.46.050 Site Design in the Old Town Business Districts (1, 2, and 3)~~
- 20.46.~~060-025~~ Drive-Through Windows.
- 20.46.~~070-030~~ Location of Parking in Multi-Family Structures.
- ~~20.46.035 Building Setbacks.~~
- ~~20.46.040 Walls and Fences.~~
- ~~20.46.045 Building Orientation, Entries, and Porches.~~
- ~~20.46.050 Additions.~~
- ~~20.46.055 Accessory Buildings.~~
- ~~20.46.060 Deviations.~~

**Section II. Old Town Residential ~~In-Fill~~ and Old Town Business Districts Design Standards**

- 20.46.~~110-100~~ Purpose and Intent.
- 20.46.~~114-110~~ ~~Applicability~~ Old Town Residential Districts.
- ~~20.46.118 Process.~~ 20.46.120 Old Town Business Districts.
- ~~20.46.122 Deviations.~~
- ~~20.46.126 Building Setbacks.~~
- ~~20.46.138 Building Materials.~~
- ~~20.46.142 Articulation, Modulation, Massing & Scale.~~
- ~~20.46.146 Roofs.~~
- ~~20.46.150 Building Orientation, Entries & Porches~~
- ~~20.46.166 Additions.~~
- ~~20.46.174 Vents and Downspouts~~
- ~~20.46.178 Equipment Screening~~
- ~~20.46.182 Accessory Buildings.~~
- ~~20.46.186 Walls and Fences.~~

**Section III. Commercial Corridor and Mixed-Use Overlay Design Standards.**

- 20.46.200 Conformance with Mixed-Use Development Regulations.

**Commented [AR1]:** Changed Section I to General  
Changed Section II to OTR & OTBD  
Added Section III to address mixed use and commercial  
corridor.

Added to the General Development Design Standards and  
removed most of the OTR In Fill section as that will now be  
reviewed from the OTR Design Standards.

## Section I. General Development Design Standards ~~and Old Town Business District Design Standards~~

### 20.46.005 Standards Adopted

The city adopts and incorporates by reference herein certain development design standards known as the “City of Arlington Development Design Standards” dated June, 2018 ~~and the “City of Arlington Old Town Residential Design Standards” dated May 2022~~. A true copy of said documents shall be on file with the city clerk, ~~and the~~ community and economic development department ~~and posted on the city website~~.

**Commented [AR2]:** Added the new OTR Design Standards reference.

### 20.46.010 Conformance with Design ~~Guidelines or~~ Standards.

(a) Structures within the following zones ~~(Subsection subsection (1)) or specific use classes (as classified in the Table of Permissible Uses, §20.40.010) (Subsection (2))~~ are subject to the relevant design standards adopted in this chapter. ~~Structures within the zones listed in subsection (2) are subject to the Mixed-Use Development Regulations and additional design requirements.~~ No building or land use permit shall be issued for structures or uses that do not conform to the applicable guidelines or standards except as allowed under Subsection (b).

#### (1) ~~Zones~~

- (A) Old Town Business District 1
- ~~(B)~~ Old Town Business District 2 & 3
- ~~(B)~~~~(C)~~ Old Town Residential
- ~~(C)~~~~(D)~~ Neighborhood Commercial
- ~~(D)~~~~(E)~~ General Commercial
- ~~(E)~~~~(F)~~ Highway Commercial
- ~~(F)~~~~(G)~~ Business Park
- ~~(G)~~~~(H)~~ Light Industrial
- ~~(H)~~~~(I)~~ General Industrial (those sides of buildings fronting on and noticeably visible from public streets only)
- ~~(J)~~ Residential High ~~Density~~Capacity
- ~~(K)~~ Residential Medium Capacity
- ~~(L)~~ Residential Moderate Capacity
- ~~(M)~~ Residential Low Capacity
- ~~(N)~~~~(O)~~ Residential Ultra Low Capacity
- ~~(O)~~ Medical Services
- ~~(P)~~ Aviation Flightline
- ~~(K)~~~~(Q)~~ Public / Semi-Public

**Commented [AR3]:** Added all zoning districts throughout the city.

#### 2. ~~Specific Use Classes~~

- ~~(A) Multi-Family Residential (Use Class 1.300)~~
- ~~(B) Educational, Cultural, Religious, Philanthropic, Social, Fraternal Uses (Use Class 5.000)~~
- ~~(C) Institutional Residence or Care or Confinement Facilities (Use Class 7.000)~~
- ~~(D) Emergency Services (Use Class 13.000)~~
- ~~(E) Cemetery and Crematorium (Use Class 21.000)~~

#### (2) ~~Zones~~

- ~~(A) Commercial Corridor~~
- ~~(B) Mixed Use Overlay~~

- (b) A building or land use permit may be issued for a structure or use that does not comply with subsection (a) if any one of the following findings can be made by the decision-making authority:
- (1) The structure is of a temporary nature that, in all likelihood, will be replaced by a permanent structure within two years.
  - (2) The structure is minor to the overall use of the property and will not be noticeably visible from a public right-of-way.

#### 20.46.020-015 Design Review Process.

Review of permit applications for conformance with the development design standards shall be as follows:

- ~~(1)(a)~~ (a) For an Administrative Design Review decision, ~~The~~ the community and economic development (CED) director and/or his designee shall review exterior modifications. Exterior Modifications include changes to existing structures, landscaping, site design, minor new structures, or signs with a construction value less than one hundred thousand dollars.
- ~~(2)(b)~~ (b) All other design review with a construction value exceeding one hundred thousand dollars shall be performed by the design review board in a public meeting (not a public hearing). On building permits for which there is no land use permit required their decision is final (subject to appeal, see subsection (3)). Otherwise, their recommendation shall be forwarded to the permit-issuing authority for its consideration with the permit application.
- ~~(3)(c)~~ (c) Any modifications or revisions to an approved design review decision is subject to a new application submittal and shall go back through either the administrative design review process or the design review board process as described in (a) and (b) above.
- ~~(4)(d)~~ (d) Appeals shall be pursuant to [Chapter 20.20](#) (Appeals, Variances, Interpretations).
- ~~(5)(e)~~ (e) Fees for design review shall be as set by resolution.

#### 20.46.030-020 Required Findings for Design Review Approval.

In order to approve a project as consistent with the development design standards, the design review authority must make the following findings:

- ~~(1)~~ (a) The proposal complies with the applicable design requirements and standards of this chapter. Specifically, findings shall be made for each applicable requirement and guideline as to how the project complies.
- ~~(2)~~ (b) If the proposal is for minor exterior modifications only, that the proposal demonstrates that the proposed improvements more consistent with the design requirements and standards of this chapter.

#### 20.40.040 Diversity within Planned Residential Developments.

~~(Repealed by Ord. 1312, 11/17/2003)~~

#### 20.46.050 Site Design in the Old Town Business Districts (1, 2, and 3).

- ~~(a)~~ In each of the Old Town Business Districts, and subject to subsection (b), all structures shall be located adjacent to or as nearly adjacent as feasible to the sidewalk(s) falling within adjacent public right(s) of way. Where a structure is recessed from the public sidewalk, a private extension of the sidewalk shall be installed so as to widen the sidewalk up to the building front.
- ~~(b)~~ Wherever feasible, buildings built in the Old Town Business Districts per this section shall be adjoining or appearing so, so as to create a continuous façade along a street.
- ~~(c)~~ Structures along the Centennial Trail should be designed to work with the trail, even to the extent of having an entrance to the building, but at minimum presenting a well designed façade on the trail side.

**Commented [AR4]:** Updated section to clarify the difference between an Administrative Design Review Decision and a Design Review Board Decision. Also added how to submit for design changes after the approved decision.

**Commented [AR5]:** Moved to OTBD section below.

~~(d) Any new construction or modifications to existing structures in the Old Town Business Districts 1, 2 and 3 shall comply with the Arlington Development Design Standards and also refer to and utilize the Olympic Avenue Design Guidelines, to the maximum extent possible, in their design and modification efforts.~~

#### 20.46.060-025 Drive-Through Windows.

- (a) All drive-through windows and their driveways shall be designed to not pose a hazard to pedestrians or other vehicles. In particular, driveways and approaches to drive-through windows shall be designed to minimize the crossing of pedestrian-ways or vehicular-ways, except to cross a public sidewalk adjacent to a public right-of-way. Where drive-through driveways and approaches cross pedestrian-ways, the pedestrian-way shall be clearly demarcated.
- (b) All drive-through windows and their driveways shall be screened so as to minimize visual impacts from public rights-of-way.
- (c) If a drive-through window and/or its driveway cannot be designed to meet the intent of this section then the use of the drive-through may be denied by the permit-issuing authority.

#### 20.46.070-030 Location of Parking in Multi-Family Structures.

For multi-family ~~(Class 1.300)~~ uses in no instance shall street level parking areas be allowed within 25 feet of a public right-of-way unless it is substantially shielded from public view.

**Commented [AR6]:** Permissible uses are not defined by class numbers anymore.

#### 20.46.035 Building Setbacks

- (a) Setbacks from Lot Boundary Lines. Setbacks of primary and accessory buildings from lot boundary lines shall be as specified in Chapter 20.48 (Density and Dimensional Regulations); except that:
  - (1) All primary buildings shall maintain a minimum 10-foot distance (measurements taken from foundations) from other buildings, including those on adjacent lots.
  - (2) However, in no case shall a primary building have a setback less than the five-foot standard setback for the zone as specified in Chapter 20.48 (Density and Dimensional Regulations).
- (b) Setbacks from Public Rights-of-Way.
  - (1) Front yard setbacks of buildings from public rights-of-way shall be as specified in Chapter 20.48 (Density and Dimensional Regulations), or equal to the average of the two immediately adjacent primary buildings, whichever is less. Where averaging is used, the new building may be averaged in a stepping pattern between the front yards of the adjacent buildings, or the new building's entire frontage may be built on the average setback line. The front yard is defined as being that side of the building facing the street on which the building has its primary entrance.
  - (2) On a corner lot the exterior side yard setback may be reduced to ten feet. The exterior side yard is defined as that side of the building adjacent to a public right-of-way but from which the building does not have its primary entrance.

**Commented [AR7]:** Moved this section from the OTR In Fill section 20.46.126 to the General Design Standards.

#### 20.46.040 Walls and Fences

- (a) Walls:
  - (1) Walls intended to screen shall be of plaster, smooth stucco finish or other approved masonry. They shall be designed in a style, material, and color to complement the structure to which they are attached. If the wall can be seen from the public right-of-way or view it shall be designed with a textured face. Other materials may include wrought iron, tile insets or grillwork.
  - (2) Wall heights and setbacks are governed by Chapter 20.48 (Density and Dimensional Regulations).

**Commented [AR8]:** Moved this section from the OTR In Fill section 20.46.186 to the General Design Standards.

(3) Both sides of all perimeter walls shall be architecturally treated.

**(b) Fences:**

(1) Fences are required to be constructed of wood, wrought iron (decorative metal), or vinyl.

(2) Fence heights and setbacks are governed by Chapter 20.48 (Density and Dimensional Regulations).

(3) Both sides of all perimeter fencing shall be architecturally treated.

(4) Chain-link fencing shall only be used for security purposes in the General Industrial, Light Industrial, and Aviation Flightline zones and are required to obtain approval from the Community and Economic Development Director prior to installation. If chain-link fencing is used it shall be black vinyl coated and contain no slats (galvanized finish and slats are not permissible). Barbed wire, razor wire, or other material may also be allowed on top of the chain link fencing with approval from the director.

**Table 20.46-1**

**Commented [AR9]:** Added a new table with illustrations.





<p><u>Public and Private Presentation Sides</u></p>	 <p>Two-sided presentation      Public presentation side      Private presentation side (house side)</p>	
<p><u>Wood and Metal fence examples of front yard fence at 42" in Height</u></p>		
<p><u>Wood fence example of side or rear yard fence at 6-foot fence with and without 1-foot decorative extension installed</u></p>		
<p><u>Black Vinyl Chain Link Fence Example With and Without Barbed Wire (Industrial and Security Use Only)</u></p>		

Figure Index: Courtesy of HKP Architects, Fortress Fencing, LLC, Economy Iron, Inc, Freedom Fence & Railing, Aguilar Fence, Inc, and Pinterest.com

#### 20.46.045 Building Orientation, Entries, and Porches

- (a) Either a recessed entry or porch shall be incorporated into the design, whichever is most predominant among the existing buildings along the street on which the new building is proposed.
- (b) A front porch or covered entry shall be a minimum of 6 feet deep to accommodate outdoor seating.
- (c) If a porch is not included at the main entrance, a covered entry that provides an area to wait at the front door out of the weather shall be included.

**Commented [AR10]:** Moved this section from the OTR In Fill section 20.46.150 to the General Design Standards.

#### 20.46.050 Additions

When planning an addition, it is important to pay careful attention to the architectural style of the existing building. In many cases, additions can dramatically change the appearance of the building and, therefore, the character of the neighborhood or area. Therefore, for additions, in addition to the previously listed requirements, the following apply:

- (a) The scale and mass of the addition must be in keeping with that of the original building.
- (b) The location of additions shall not disrupt established setbacks of neighboring structures.
- (c) The addition's roof shall match or complement the design of the original building.
- (d) Architectural elements such as windows shall respect the prevailing geometry of the original building. For instance, windows with a vertical orientation can be incompatible with those of a horizontal orientation.
- (e) The materials used for the addition shall match or coordinate with those of the original building.

**Commented [AR11]:** Moved this section from the OTR In Fill section 20.46.166 to the General Design Standards.

#### 20.46.055 Accessory Buildings

- (a) The design of accessory buildings that require a building permit shall be architecturally compatible with the main building through the use of walls/roofs/trellises, fence/wall connections and/or landscaping.
- (b) Accessory buildings shall be subordinate to the primary structure and shall be set back a minimum of three feet from the face of the primary structure.
- (c) Accessory buildings shall be placed to the side or rear of the primary structure.

**Commented [AR12]:** Moved this section from the OTR In Fill section 20.46.182 to the General Design Standards.

#### 20.46.060 Deviations

The Planning Commission may grant deviations from the standards only for the following:

- (a) If an alternative is provided that, in their opinion, meets the intent of the Design Standards; or
- (b) If the intent of the deviation is to preserve or protect a significant tree or trees.

Applications for deviations shall be submitted to the Community and Economic Development Director, who shall then forward them to the Planning Commission at their next available meeting. The applicant will be notified of the Planning Commission's decision within ten days of such decision.

**Commented [AR13]:** Moved this section from the OTR In Fill section 20.46.122 to the General Design Standards.

## **Section II. Old Town Residential ~~and Old Town Business Districts~~ In-Fill Design Standards**

### 20.46.~~110~~-100 Purpose and Intent.

Old Town is a unique district in Arlington, representing, as the name implies, the old part of town. It is laid out in a street-and-alley grid pattern, with garages and utilities predominately on the alleys. There is a predominance of older homes built in historic architectural styles, and most have front porches. Lots are small, though many of the older homes are built on parcels consisting of two or

three lots, some of which are now nonconforming in terms of size or setbacks. Back at the turn of the 20th century this was common practice.

However, with the increase in value of these lots, many property owners are selling them to builders who are building new homes that do not fit the unique historic character of Old Town. Many have caused problems with existing residents because of privacy, setback, and scale issues.

At the same time, infill development is one of the strategies adopted through the city's comprehensive plan to meet our growth targets, but not its only strategy, and certainly not at the expense of substantially changing the character of the Old Town Business and Residential Districts.

Thus, the intent of this part is to:

- (1) Preserve the historic development pattern found in Old Town.
- (2) Protect property owners' ability to sell their excess lots
- (3) Protect existing properties' value by encouraging compatible development.
- (4) Implement a design code for Old Town that permits infill development in a manner that is acceptable to the community while retaining the elements that provide for the traditional residential and "Main Street" style of growth.
- (5) Recognizing the mix of architectural styles that have been built over the neighborhood's one hundred plus years, it is the city's intent to promote the specific architectural styles and development patterns that are historically prevalent and characteristic of the Old Town District.

#### 20.46.114-110 Applicability Old Town Residential District.

Commented [AR14]: New Section to address OTRD

- (a) All residential construction in the Old Town Residential District shall comply with the Development Design Standards and the Old Town Residential Design Standards. This includes new construction, remodels, and additions; except, that if a house is damaged, the homeowner may rebuild the structure exactly as it was.
- (b) The Development Design Standards and the Old Town Residential Design Standards are reference documents that are available in the Community and Economic Development and are located on the city website. Copies of the documents may be requested.
- (c) Design review for compliance of this section shall be performed by the Community and Economic Development (CED) Director or his or her designee through the permitting process. The Director shall have the authority to render interpretations of this code and to adopt policies and procedures in order to clarify the application of its provisions.

#### 20.46.120 Old Town Business Districts (1, 2, and 3)

Commented [AR15]: New section to address OTBD from previous section.

- (a) This part shall apply to all construction, including new construction, remodels, and additions in the Old Town Business Districts; except, that if a building is damaged, the owner may rebuild the structure exactly as it was.
- (b) All construction shall comply with the Development Design Standards and the Olympic Avenue Design Guidelines.
- (c) In each of the Old Town Business Districts, and subject to subsection (b), all structures shall be located adjacent to or as nearly adjacent as feasible to the sidewalk(s) falling within adjacent public right(s)-of-way. Where a structure is recessed from the public sidewalk, a private extension of the sidewalk shall be installed so as to widen the sidewalk up to the building front.
- (d) Wherever feasible, buildings built in the Old Town Business Districts per this section shall be adjoining or appearing so, so as to create a continuous façade along a street.



- (e) ~~Structures along the Centennial Trail should be designed to work with the trail, even to the extent of having an entrance to the building, but at minimum presenting a well-designed façade on the trail side.~~
- (f) ~~Any new construction or modifications to existing structures in the Old Town Business Districts 1, 2 and 3 shall comply with the Arlington Development Design Standards and also refer to and utilize the Olympic Avenue Design Guidelines, to the maximum extent possible, in their design and modification efforts.~~

#### 20.46.118 Process:

~~Design review for compliance with this part shall be performed by the Community and Economic Development (CED) Director or his or her designee through the permitting process. The director shall have the authority to render interpretations of this Code and to adopt policies and procedures in order to clarify the application of its provisions.~~

#### 20.46.122 Deviations:

~~The planning commission may grant deviations from the standards in this part only:~~

- ~~(1) If an alternative is provided that, in their opinion, meets the intent of this part; or,~~
- ~~(2) If the intent of the deviation is to preserve or protect a significant tree or trees.~~

~~Applications for deviations shall be submitted to the CED Director, who shall then forward them to the planning commission at their next available meeting. The applicant will be notified of the planning commission's decision within ten days of such decision.~~

#### 20.46.126 Building Setbacks:

~~(a) Setbacks from Lot Boundary Lines. Setbacks of primary buildings from lot boundary lines shall be as specified in Section 20.48.040 (Building Setback Requirements); except that:~~

- ~~(1) All primary buildings shall maintain a minimum ten feet distance (measurements taken from foundations) from other buildings, including those on adjacent lots.~~
- ~~(2) However, in no case shall a primary building have a setback less than the five-foot standard setback for the zone as specified in Section 20.48.040 (Building Setback Requirements).~~

~~(b) Setbacks from Public Right of Ways.~~

- ~~(1) Front yard setbacks of buildings from public right of ways shall be as specified in Section 20.48.040 (Building Setback Requirements), or equal to the average of the two immediately adjacent primary buildings, whichever is less. Where averaging is used, the new building may be averaged in a stepping pattern between the front yards of the adjacent residences, or the new building's entire frontage may be built on the average setback line. The front yard is defined as being that side of the building facing the street on which the building has its primary entrance.~~
- ~~(2) On a corner lot the exterior side yard setback may be reduced to ten feet. The exterior side yard is defined as that side of the building adjacent to a public right of way but from which the building does not have its primary entrance.~~

#### 20.46.138 Building Materials:

~~(a) The primary materials for the exterior of buildings shall be: siding, cement board or natural wood, stucco, board and batten style (battens over panel siding), real or cultured masonry materials, or wood shingles. Accent materials shall include real or cultured masonry materials, horizontal siding and wood shingles.~~



- ~~(b) Exterior building materials shall not include the following: panel siding (except as specified in subsection (c)), non-architecturally treated concrete block, or non-architecturally treated tilt-up concrete panels, corrugated metal siding, or standard single or double tee concrete systems. Metal siding may be used as an accent material, but not as a primary material.~~
- ~~(c) When panel siding is used, battens with a twenty-four inch maximum spacing shall be used for a board and batt appearance.~~
- ~~(d) Wood trim shall have a minimum dimension of one inch x three inches.~~
- ~~(e) All sides of the building must be compliant with the design standards, not just those facing streets.~~
- ~~(f) Corner Lots. Buildings on corner lots face special circumstances. All sides with street frontages shall be treated with the same quality of materials and similar architectural detailing as the front and shall be visually appealing like the front. Examples to create appealing street-facing facades include adding a feature that makes an architectural statement, such as bay windows, and areas of decorative brick, wrap-around porches or other attractive features, etc.~~

#### 20.46.142 Articulation, Modulation, Massing & Scale

- ~~(a) All buildings shall provide a variation in the façade through use of building modulation and floor area offsets from the main construction.~~
- ~~(b) Fronts of buildings shall be articulated through the use of bays, insets, balconies, porches, or stoops related to entrances and windows.~~
- ~~(c) All buildings shall be designed to provide complex massing configurations with a variety of different wall planes. At least every twenty-four linear feet, street-side wall planes shall contain offsets or setbacks with a differential in horizontal plane of at least six inches. Bay windows, cantilevers, and other similar protrusions can account for such offsets.~~
- ~~(d) Building design shall incorporate visually heavier and more massive elements at the building base, and lighter elements above the base. A second story, for example, should not appear heavier or demonstrate greater mass than that portion of the building supporting it.~~
- ~~(e) In addition, for corner lots see Section 20.46.138 (Building Materials).~~

#### 20.46.146 Roofs:

- ~~(a) Roof design treatments shall meet the following development criteria:
  - ~~(1) Roofs may have dormers, gables, or similar variations in roof planes in order to break up the roof mass.~~
  - ~~(2) Individual roofs may include a variety of colors and materials, including tile, composition, shake and shingle.~~
  - ~~(3) Predominant roof materials shall be material such as, but not limited to: wood shake shingles, clay or concrete tiles, or composition wood and asphalt shingles. Flat or corrugated metal or flat built-up roofs are prohibited. Standing seam baked enamel steel roofing materials are allowed.~~~~

#### 20.46.150 Building Orientation, Entries & Porches:

- ~~(a) Either a recessed entry or porch shall be incorporated into the design, whichever is most predominant among the existing dwellings along the street on which the dwelling is proposed.~~
- ~~(b) A front porch or covered entry shall be a minimum of six feet deep in order to accommodate outdoor seating.~~
- ~~(c) If a porch is not included at the main entrance, a covered entry that provides an area to wait at the front door out of the weather shall be included.~~

20.46.166 Additions.

~~In planning an addition it is important to pay careful attention to the architectural style of the existing residence. In many cases, additions can dramatically change the appearance of the residence and, therefore, the character of the neighborhood. Therefore, for additions, in addition to all the previous rules, the following apply:~~

- ~~(1) The scale and mass of the addition must be in keeping with that of the original building.~~
- ~~(2) The location of additions shall not disrupt established setbacks of neighboring structures.~~
- ~~(3) The addition's roof shall match or complement the design of the original building.~~
- ~~(4) Architectural elements such as windows shall respect the prevailing geometry of the original building. For instance, windows with a vertical orientation can be incompatible with those of a horizontal orientation. —~~
- ~~(5) The materials used for the addition shall match or coordinate with those of the original building.~~

20.46.174 Vents and Downspouts.

~~Roof flashing, rain gutters, downspouts, vents and other roof protrusions shall be finished to match the adjacent materials and/or colors.~~

20.46.178 Equipment Screening.

~~Any equipment, whether on the roof, side of building or ground, must be screened. The method of screening must be architecturally compatible with the building in terms of materials, color, shape and size. The screening design shall blend with the building design. Where several individual pieces of equipment are provided a continuous screen is required.~~

20.46.182 Accessory Buildings.

~~The design of accessory buildings that require a building permit shall be architecturally compatible with the main building through the use of walls/roofs/trellises, fence/wall connections and/or landscaping.~~

20.46.186 Walls and Fences.

~~Walls and fences are an integral part of the streetscape.~~

- ~~(1) Walls intended to screen shall be of plaster or smooth stucco finish or other approved masonry. They shall be designed in a style, materials and color to complement the dwelling units to which they are attached. Other materials may include wrought iron, tile insets or grillwork.~~
- ~~(2) Wall and fence heights are governed by Section 20.48.040 (Building Setback Requirements). Both sides of all perimeter walls or fences shall be architecturally treated.~~

**Section III. Commercial Corridor and Mixed-Use Overlay.**20.46.200 Conformance with Mixed-Use Development Regulations.

- (a) All buildings and/or structures located in the Commercial Corridor or Mixed-Use Overlay zones shall comply with the Mixed-Use Development Regulations of Chapter 20.110.
- (b) For any design items not addressed under the Mixed-Use Development Regulations, the Development Design Standards shall be followed.

**Commented [AR16]:** New section to address the commercial corridor and mixed-use overlay areas